

GUIDE TO RECYCLING

PAPER / FIBERS



- Books / Brochures
- Corrugated cardboard
- Kraft brown paper bags
- Magazines / Catalogs / Newspaper
- Manila folders
- Mixed paper (white or color)
- Other (envelopes, Tyvek envelopes, post-it notes)

METALS (empty/clean)



- Aerosol cans
- Aluminum cans / bottles
- Steel cans / bottles
- Tin cans / bottles

PLASTICS (empty/clean)



- Plastics 1-2 (look at the symbol/number on the item)
- Examples: milk jugs, water bottles, soda bottles, condiment bottles



GLASS (empty/clean)



- Bottles
- Jars

TRASH



- ANYTHING THAT IS NOT LISTED ABOVE
- Aluminum foil
- Broken glass / ceramics
- Coffee cups/lids
- Food and Liquid Waste
- Food, chip, and candy wrappers
- Napkins, paper towels, tissue

Pizza boxes



- Plastic 3 -7
- Plastic bags
- Plastic straws and utensils
- Polystyrene / Styrofoam
- Wax-lined containers/items
- Water and air filters

TIPS, SO IT GETS RECYCLED:

- 1. Recyclables must be clean, empty, dry, and on the list of accepted materials!
- 2. Keep paper and cardboard separate from other recyclables.
- 3. When in doubt, throw it in the trash! Otherwise you risk contaminating other recyclables.
- 4. Universal Waste (batteries, bulbs/lamps, ink/toner cartridges, and electronics), paints and solvents must be recycled through a specialized program. <u>Do not put these in the regular recycling or trash.</u>